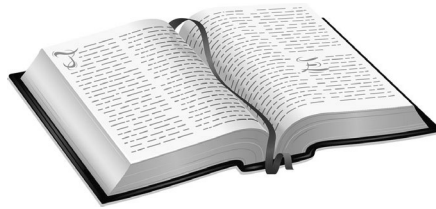


Bible Correspondence Fellowship



2 Timothy Lesson

Answer Sheet for English Standard Version (ESV)

Paul's second letter to Timothy is the last record we have from him. The Roman emperor, Nero, had probably ordered Paul's execution. Paul had been left alone by all but one of his companions. They either deserted him or went on to other places for ministry.

Paul recognized that he was about to die, and he rejoiced in the fact that he had been faithful to God's calling for his life. In this letter Paul expressed concern about false teaching that had entered the church. Paul instructed Timothy to preserve the truth that he received by passing it on to faithful men who would continue to teach and preach the Word of God with power and authority.

INTRODUCTION

AUTHOR: The apostle Paul

PLACE OF WRITING: Second Timothy was probably written from a prison cell in the city of Rome.

DATE OF WRITING: The letter was probably written around 67 AD during the persecution of Christians by Nero, the emperor of Rome.



PURPOSE, THEME AND SUBJECT MATTER OF THE LETTER: The evidence in the Pastoral epistles suggests that Paul was released from prison in Rome after two years, and that he traveled to several cities and churches. During that time he left Titus in Crete (Titus 1:5) and Timothy in Ephesus (1 Timothy 1:3) to set things in order and appoint elders. At some point Paul must have been rearrested and sent back to Rome, this time to die at the executioner's hand. Paul clearly understood his fate. He wrote a final letter to his dear friend, coworker, and son in the faith, Timothy, encouraging him to come to Rome so Paul could see him one more time.

Paul used this letter to give Timothy some important final instructions about how to conduct himself as a servant of Christ, to remind him of the importance of his calling to the ministry and to warn him that there will be many who will fall away from the pure teaching they had received and follow false teachers.

Chapter 1

Please read the entire book of 2 Timothy. _____ Check.

Please memorize the following verse and
be prepared to write it out at the end of this lesson.

Be diligent to present yourself approved to God as a worker who does not need to be ashamed, accurately handling the word of truth. 2 Timothy 2:15 – NASB

GREETING AND ENCOURAGEMENT

Read II Timothy Chapter 1 _____ Check

1. (v. 1:1) Who wrote this letter? Paul
2. (v. 1:1) What position of authority did Paul claim to have?
an apostle of Christ Jesus
3. (v. 1:1) How was Paul called into his ministry?
by the will of God
4. (v. 1:1) Through whom is the promise of life? Christ Jesus,
5. (v. 1:2) To whom is this letter written and how does Paul describe him?
To Timothy, my beloved child
6. (v.1:2) What does Paul wish upon the reader of the letter?
Grace, mercy, and peace from God
7. (v. 1:3) How did Paul serve God? with a clear conscience
8. (v. 1:3) What was Paul doing for Timothy? remembering him in his prayers

9. (v. 1:4) Why did Paul desire to see Timothy? that Paul may be filled with joy
10. (v. 1:5) Who were the examples that inspired Timothy's faith?
In Timothy's grandmother Lois and his mother Eunice
11. (v. 1:6) What does Paul encourage Timothy to do?
fan into flame the gift of God
12. (v. 1:6) What did Paul do to acknowledge the gift of God that Timothy received?
laying on of his hands
13. (v. 1:7) God did not give us what kind of spirit? of fear
14. (v. 1:7) What kind of spirit did we receive?
one of power and love and self-control.
15. (v. 1:7) Give examples of how the kind of spirit described in this verse is lived out in our daily activity. _____

(Answers will vary)
16. (v. 1:8) What can we learn about Paul's situation when he wrote the letter from this verse? he was in prison
17. (v. 1:8) What instruction did Paul give to Timothy?
Not to be ashamed of the testimony about the Lord, or of Paul
18. (v. 1:9) What two things has God done for us according to the first part of this verse?
He saved us and called us to a holy calling,
19. (v. 1:9) What have we done to deserve this calling? Nothing
20. (v. 1:10) Through whom has this grace now been revealed?
our savior Christ Jesus

21. (v. 1:10) What has Jesus Christ done through the gospel?
abolished death and brought life and immortality to light through the gospel,
22. (v. 1:11) What is Paul's relationship to this gospel?
a preacher and apostle and teacher
23. (v. 1:12) Why is Paul not ashamed and willing to suffer?
He knows whom he has believed,
24. (v. 1:12) How does this demonstrate that we have security in our relationship with the Lord? Paul is convinced that Christ is able to guard what was entrusted to him.
(Answers will vary)
25. (v. 1:13) What is to be the pattern of sound teaching that Paul encourages Timothy to cling to? Follow the pattern of the sound words that you have heard from me,
26. (v. 1:14) The truth of the gospel had been entrusted to Timothy as it has been to us. What has God given us to protect it? the Holy Spirit
27. (v. 1:15) What has happened to Paul's companions in Asia?
they turned away from Paul
28. (vs. 1:16-18) What are some of the ways in which Onesiphorus demonstrated concern for Paul?
When Onesiphorus was in Rome, he refreshed Paul and was not
ashamed of his chains,he searched for him earnestly and found him.
He rendered service at Ephesus.

Chapter 2

ENCOURAGEMENT TO BE STRONG AND THE FAITHFULNESS OF GOD

Read 2 Timothy 2:1-13 _____ Check

Note: It has been suggested that Timothy may have had a meek personality and was easily discouraged and intimidated. For this reason there are many passages in which Paul encourages him to be bold and courageous (1 Timothy 1:18; 4:12; 6:12; 2 Timothy 1:7;). Paul wanted Timothy to lead others with confidence, and he assured him that he could do so with the help of God. Certainly the same promises given to Timothy apply to us today. God, through His Holy Spirit will give us the power to serve Him with confidence and courage.

1. (v. 2:1) What instructions does Paul give to Timothy?

be strengthened by the grace that is in Christ Jesus,

2. (v. 2) Describe the pattern for training that Paul gives in this verse.

Timothy is to "entrust to faithful men" (teach them) what he has heard from Paul

3. (v. 3) Does this verse teach that the Christian life should be easy? no

Note: There are many passages in which Paul teaches that living a life that honors God will be a challenge and that we will face opposition and persecution. We should reject any preacher or Bible teacher that tries to say that when someone becomes a Christian they will be blessed with health, prosperity, and a worry free life. We know from the book of Acts and Paul's own writings that his life was full of struggles and hardship. If someone as committed and full of faith as Paul, could endure such difficulties, we should not expect anything different.

4. (vs. 2:4-6) Paul uses three metaphors in these verses to illustrate the need for a servant of God to be committed in their service to the Lord. List each of the three metaphors and describe in your own words how they teach about our service to Christ.

a. Soldier: his aim is to please his commanding officer.

This teaches us: We should seek to please God.

(Answer will vary)

b. Athlete: is only crowned (rewarded) if he competes according to the rules.

This teaches us: We are to serve God according to his will.

c. Farmer: Has the first share of the crops he worked hard for.

This teaches us: This could refer to a servant who is the first

to be blessed through his study and ministry of the word

5. (v. 2:7) Who gives us understanding of the truth? The Lord

6. (v. 2:8) What two things does Paul ask us to remember about Jesus Christ?

That he is risen from the dead, and he is the offspring of David

7. (vs. 2:8-9) What is it that Paul is suffering for? preaching the gospel

Note: Paul uses the term “my gospel” in verse 8 to describe the message that he has been commissioned by the Lord Jesus Christ to preach to the world. He refers to “my gospel” in two other passages in his writings (Romans 2:16 and Romans 16:25), and he is the only author in the Bible to use the term. In Romans 16:25 he states that his gospel was a message that had been a secret that God did not reveal to anyone in the past. He also refers to this as “the mystery.” Paul’s gospel was a unique message that he had received directly from Jesus Christ (Galatians 1:12). What makes Paul’s gospel message unique (from that which was preached by the other Apostles) is that through his gospel alone we learn that Jews and Gentiles are joined together on equal terms as members of the Body of Christ (Ephesians 3:1-7).

8. (v. 2:9) What does this verse tell us about Paul's circumstances when he wrote this letter? He was bound with chains as a criminal.

9. (v. 2:9) What comments can you make about the phrase in this verse "God's word is not chained?" _____ (Personal responses)
10. (v. 2:10) For whose sake is Paul suffering and for what purpose?
for the sake of the elect, that they also may obtain the salvation
that is in Christ Jesus
11. (v. 2:13) What does this verse say about God?
if we are faithless, he remains faithful — he cannot deny himself.

INSTRUCTION FOR THE SERVANT OF GOD

Read 2 Timothy 2:14-26 _____ Check

12. (v. 2:14) Why should we avoid dispute/fighting over words?
which does no good, but only ruins the hearers.(harms the listener)
13. (v. 2:15) An approved workman of God will not be
ashamed.
14. (v. 2:16) What is the result of participating in godless/worthless/foolish chatter?
It leads people into more and more ungodliness,
15. (v. 2:17) What happens to the teachings of those who participate in this type of chatter? will spread like gangrene
16. (vs. 2:17-18) Who are two examples of false teachers, and what did they teach?
Hymenaeus and Philetus swerved from the truth,
saying that the resurrection has already happened

17. (v. 2:19) What two truths are stated here that are foundational truths?

The Lord knows those who are his,

Let everyone who names the name of the Lord depart from iniquity

Note: These two statements, “God knows those that are His” and “Everyone that confesses the name of Christ will turn away from iniquity” make an important point. Oftentimes we are confused when we see someone who claims to be a Christian but his life does not demonstrate it. Ultimately we cannot know the state of any person’s soul, only the Lord knows. We often have to accept what a person says about his relationship with the Lord. On the other hand, Paul makes it clear in this passage that if a person claims to know Jesus Christ as Savior, there should be a definite change in behavior. A Christian’s lifestyle should reflect that he is a child of God.

18. (vs. 2:20-21) Explain the point of the illustration Paul is using in this passage.

The vessels of gold and silver are for honorable use and those of wood and clay are less honorable. Christians are to live as honorable vessels, and therefore useful to the Lord for His service.

19. (v. 2:22) What is Timothy to flee from and what is he to pursue?

flee youthful passions and pursue righteousness, faith, love, and peace,

20. (v. 2:22) When someone follows the instructions in this verse what does it indicate about their motives for following Christ?

They are calling on the Lord from a pure heart

21. (vs. 2:23-24) What is the Lord’s servant to avoid and why?

foolish, ignorant controversies; because they breed quarrels

22. (v. 2:24) What should be the characteristics of the Lord’s servant?

must not be quarrelsome but kind to everyone,
able to teach, patiently enduring evil

23. (v. 2:25) What should the servant of the Lord do when he is opposed?

correct his opponents with gentleness.

24. (v. 2:25) What is the goal of the instruction given to those who oppose the servant of the Lord?

That God may grant them repentance leading to a knowledge of the truth,

25. (v. 2:26) Describe in your own words how the person who opposes the servant of God can be used by the devil.

(Answer will vary)

Chapter 3

GODLESSNESS IN THE LAST DAYS

Read 2 Timothy 3:1-9 _____ **Check**

1. (v. 3:1) How does Paul describe the last days? times of difficulty.

Note: The book of Revelation describes a period of great tribulation and distress during the time just before Jesus Christ returns to Earth to establish His Kingdom. However, we know that refers to a time after the Body of Christ has been removed from the Earth in the catching away of believers to be taken to heaven in what is commonly called the Rapture. However, the revelation that Paul received from God had to do with the current Dispensation of

Grace and the Body of Christ. Therefore, it is unlikely that the reference to the “last days” in this passage is to the Tribulation. The phrase “last days” could also be translated as “latter days” and could be talking about the entire period of the Dispensation of Grace in which we currently live. Therefore, the description of perilous times may be of an increase in wickedness that will take place throughout the entire Dispensation of Grace.

2. (vs. 3:2-4) Choose one of the characteristics of the last days listed and describe how you see it as a reality in our society today.

(Answer will vary)

3. (vs. 3:1-5) How are we to respond to people such as the ones described in these verses? Avoid such people

4. (v. 3:7) How are the godless people described in this verse?

always learning and never able to arrive at a knowledge of the truth.

Note: The two men mentioned in 2 Timothy 3:8, Jannes and Jambres, were the traditional names of the Egyptian magicians mentioned in Exodus 7:11. When Moses tried to convince the Egyptian Pharaoh to release the Israelites from slavery. The magicians of Egypt challenged the miracles that Moses and Aaron performed by trying to do the same thing.

5. (v. 3:8) In what way are the godless men talked about in this verse the same as Jannes and Jambres?

They also oppose the truth, men corrupted in mind and disqualified regarding the faith.

6. (v. 3:9) What does Paul say about the impact such people will ultimately have?

they will not get very far, for their folly will be plain to all,

INSTRUCTIONS TO TIMOTHY

Read 2 Timothy 3:10-17 _____ Check

7. (vs. 3:10-11) To what does Paul refer to show the sincerity of his service to the Lord?

His persecutions and sufferings

(The student may list various sufferings Paul experienced)

8. (v. 3:12) What can those who live godly in Christ expect from life?

to suffer persecution

Note: This is an important warning for us not to listen to preachers and Bible teachers who say that a Christian should never face difficulties in life. Furthermore, we should not be deceived if we are told that trials and tribulations are the result of sin and disobedience in our lives. In fact, we are told here that hardships await those whose lives are godly.

9. (v. 3:13) What will happen as the latter days progress?

evil people and impostors will go on from bad to worse, deceiving and being deceived.

10. (v. 3:15) From when has Timothy known the Scriptures? from childhood

11. (v. 3:15) In what way will the scriptures help Timothy?
They will make him wise for salvation

12. (v. 3:16) How does this verse describe the source of Scripture?
breathed out by God

13. (v. 3:16) What four ways does this verse list that a knowledge of the Scriptures benefits the readers?

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. <u>teaching</u> | 2. <u>reproof</u> |
| 3. <u>correction</u> | 4. <u>training</u> |

Note: It is important to understand the four things in verse 16 for which the Scriptures are to be used.

14. (v. 3:17) What will the Scriptures produce in the person who applies their teaching?
He will be complete, equipped for every good work.

Chapter 4

PAUL'S CHARGE TO TIMOTHY

Read 2 Timothy 4:1-8 _____ **Check**

1. (v. 4:1) In whose presence (before whom) does Paul make this commandment.
in the presence of God and of Christ Jesus,

2. (v. 4:1) Whom will Christ Jesus judge? the living and the dead

Note: Paul says that Jesus Christ will be the judge of the “living and the dead.” This phrase can have two meanings. On the one hand, it can be speaking of those who are physically alive and those that have died at the time of the judgment, whether the Judgment Seat of Christ after the Rapture or the Great White Throne Judgment after the one thousand year reign of Christ on the Earth. This may also refer to those who are spiritually alive or spiritually dead. According to Ephesians 2:4-5 we were all dead in our sins, but God made us alive in Christ Jesus.

3. (v. 4:1) What two other things does Paul consider when making this charge to Timothy?
by his (the Lord's) appearing and his (the Lord's) kingdom
-

4. (v. 4:2) When should Timothy (or any minister) be prepared to preach the Word?
in season and out of season (at any time)
-

5. (v. 4:2) What things does Paul instruct Timothy to do through the preaching of the Word? reprove, rebuke, and exhort, with complete patience and teaching.
-

Note: Like verse 3:16, this verse emphasizes how God’s Word is the primary source of instruction for living our lives. All of the words used above are for ones that provide guidance for living the Christian life. At times, such instruction might seem harsh but that is often what is needed to correct wrong behavior.

6. (v. 4:3) What will be the response of the majority of people to instruction they receive from the Word of God?
will not endure (put up with) sound teaching
-

7. (vs. 4:3-4) Describe how people will reject the teaching of God in the latter days.
having itching ears they will accumulate for themselves teachers to suit their own passions, 4 and will turn away from listening to the truth and wander off into myths.
-

8. (v. 4:5) Paul gives four instructions to Timothy in this verse. List them.

1. always be sober-minded

2. endure suffering

3. do the work of an evangelist

4. fulfill your ministry.

9. (vs. 4:6-8) In these verses Paul is telling Timothy that he believes the end of his life is near. He was probably going to be executed by the Roman authorities. Based on these verses describe how you believe Paul felt as he was facing death.

(Answer will vary)

10. (v. 4:8) What does Paul say is awaiting him and all who love Christ's appearing?
the crown of righteousness

FINAL COMMENTS

Read 2 Timothy 4:9-22 _____ Check

11. (v. 4:9) What does Paul urge Timothy to do? come to me him soon

12. (v. 4:10) Describe what has happened to the three companions of Paul mentioned in this verse. Demas has gone to Thessalonica. Crescens has gone to Galatia
Titus has gone to Dalmatia.

13. (v. 4:11) Who is the only companion still with Paul? Luke

14. (v. 4:11) What does Paul say about Mark in this verse?

Paul asks Timothy to bring Mark with him because he is very useful to Paul for ministry.

Note: The story of Mark is a remarkable account of restoration and reconciliation after failure in the ministry. Mark first appears in the Scripture in Acts 12:12 when Peter went to the home of Mark's mother, Mary, after his miraculous release from prison. We then learn in Acts 12:25 that Mark joined Paul and Barnabas on their missionary journeys. Barnabas was a relative of Mark, either a cousin or uncle (Colossians 4:10). Later we find that Mark had deserted Paul and Barnabas and that when he tried to join them on their second journey Paul did not want him to be part of the team, probably because of his earlier decision to return home early (Acts 15:36-41). The disagreement between Paul and Barnabas over Mark was so great that the two missionaries had to go separate ways. However, now at the end of his life, Paul is asking that Mark come to him. We see that even when there are serious disagreements, people can be reconciled and used for God's ministry.

15. (v. 4:13) What further instructions does Paul give to Timothy in this verse?

bring the cloak that I left with Carpus at Troas,
also the books, and above all the parchments

16. (vs. 4:14-15) What warning does Paul give to Timothy in these verses?

To beware of Alexander the coppersmith, because he did Paul great harm
and opposed their message

17. (v. 4:16) What did Paul's companions do when he had to defend himself in court?

They all deserted him

18. (v. 4:16) What does Paul ask of the Lord for those people that abandoned him?

May it not be charged against them

19. (v. 4:17) How was Paul reassured when he stood to make his defense?

The Lord stood by him

20. (v. 4:18) What is Paul confident that the Lord will do for him?

The Lord will rescue him from every evil deed
and bring him safely into his heavenly kingdom

21. (v. 4:19) To whom does Paul send final greetings?
Prisca and Aquila, and the household of Onesiphorus

22. (v. 4:20) Where was Trophimus when Paul left him and what condition was he in?
at Miletus, where he was ill

Note: The fact that Paul had to leave Trophimus sick in Miletus is very significant. It is evidence that even within Paul's lifetime the sign gift of healing was already fading away from the normal life of the Body of Christ. Healing was part of the proclamation of the Gospel of the Kingdom that was preached by Jesus and the 12 Apostles (Luke 4:18; 7:22). It was a sign that the age of the Messiah had arrived and that God was now fulfilling his prophecies for the end times. However, Israel denied Jesus as their Messiah. God then revealed the Body of Christ and the truth that Jews and Gentile can approach God on an equal basis. He gave the same sign gifts to Paul and others to prove that the message of God's grace was legitimate. However, based on 1 Corinthians 13:8 we learn that the sign gifts, meant for the Church in its infancy, would pass away at some point. Although there was a time when Paul could heal the sick at will (Acts 19:11-12; 28:7-9) this verse shows that at the end of his ministry that power had been taken from him.

23. (v. 4:21) What does Paul encourage Timothy to do?
to come to him before winter

24. (v. 4:22) How does Paul end the letter?
The Lord be with your spirit. Grace be with you

What Bible Version/Translation did you use for this lesson?: _____

Your questions or Comments:

RETURN COMPLETED LESSON TO:

toServe Ministry

P. O. Box 1861

Weatherford, TX 76086

Date Completed: ____ / ____ / ____

Name: _____ ID # _____

Unit / Facility: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____